

Lecture 6

Lecturer: Chaoru Tong

Scribe: Sijia Ma

### 1 Transportation Example

We want to transport 10 pianos from three locations to another two according to the following network (See Figure 1). What's the cheapest way?

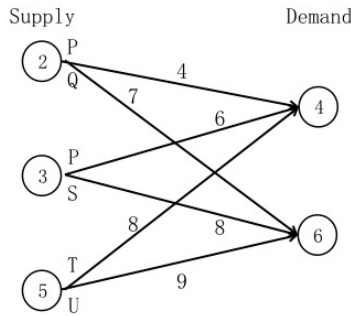


Figure 1: Transportation network example. Numbers on arcs are unit transportation cost.

### 2 LP formation

$$\begin{aligned}
 \min \quad & 4P + 7Q + 6R + 8S + 8T + 9V \\
 \text{s.t.} \quad & P + Q = 2 \\
 & R + S = 3 \\
 & T + U = 5 \\
 & P + R + T = 4 \\
 & Q + S + U = 6 \\
 & P, Q, R, S, T, U \geq 0, \text{ integer}
 \end{aligned}$$

### 3 Tools

- Modeling Language: Specify your optimization problem. AMPL
- Solver: The software that solves optimization problem. MINOS

User ↔ Modeling Language ↔ Solver

Simple transportation model:

- ★ "var": define variables.
- ★ "minimize" (objective name): specify objective function.

★ "subject to" (constraint name): specify constraints.

For more complicated problem, we may want to specify model and data separately.

- Model file1 (.mod): specify optimization model (what kind of problem).
  - ★ "set": define index.
  - ★ "param": define parameters/coefficients.
- Data file (.dat): specify parameters to use for this problem.